

PREPARING YOUR HOME FOR BED BUG TREATMENT

By: Patricia Alder and Mike Waldvogel, NCSU - Extension Entomology

Bed bugs can be difficult to eliminate from your home unless you do your part by cooperating with the pest management company. The following tips will help you get rid of bed bugs quickly. Not every step may be needed depending on the severity of your problem.

- Don't move any of your belongings to another home during or before the treatment unless you know they are not infested. You might spread bed bugs to another home or to your car or workplace in a backpack or box and then re-infest your home after it has been treated. Move as few items as possible and have them checked for bed bugs (or heat them) <u>before</u> removing them.
- Wash all sheets, blankets, pillowcases, and other bedding in hot water. Place the items in a dryer set on the highest setting that won't damage the items. Dry the items thoroughly and then place them in trash bags. Keep them separate from items that may be infested.
- Wash all clothing in hot water and then dry on the highest setting allowed for the clothing (don't damage the items). Clothing that can't be laundered and dried (including coats and jackets) can be dry-cleaned or else inspected carefully. Do not place "clean" clothing in infested rooms/areas until any treatment has been completed and the bed bugs have been eliminated.
- Place curtains, pillows, towels, stuffed animals, etc. in the dryer set on the highest setting that won't damage the items for at least 30 minutes. Double bag these items immediately after drying.
- Carefully inspect all Items that cannot be washed: books, electronics, picture frames, plastic toys, etc. If insecticides are going to be used, place children's toys into plastic bags or storage bins (only if they are bed bug free). If heat is used, the pest control company may want these items left in place so they are exposed to the heat treatment.
- ____ Store cleaned and dried items in plastic bags until your home has been treated and the bed bugs eliminated.

- Vacuum/wash all floors. Place the vacuum clean bags into a plastic bag before disposing of it to prevent bed bugs from escaping.
- Vacuum the mattress and box spring to remove live/dead bed bugs. Doublebag and discard the vacuum bags in an outdoor trashcan immediately to avoid re-introducing or spreading any bed bugs caught in the vacuum. If the pest control company recommends encasing the mattress and box spring, be sure to use an encasement that is bed bug proof. These encasements are thick enough so that bed bugs cannot bite through it and have tight-closing zippers that prevent the bugs from escaping.
- Vacuum couches, chairs and recliners thoroughly before treatment. Bed bugs are often found in couches and upholstered chairs. If possible, turn the furniture over or on its side/back and vacuum underneath as well. If there is a dust cover attached on the underside, pull it back and vacuum areas that will need to be treated. Double-bag and discard the vacuum bags in an outdoor trashcan immediately to avoid re-introducing or spreading any bed bugs caught in the vacuum.
- A cluttered home is difficult to inspect and more difficult to treat because bed bugs can find many hiding places. Throw away unneeded items. Pick up and double bag all loose items in bedrooms (e.g., in the bottom of a closet) and other rooms that will be treated. Make sure that these items are treated (if needed) or inspected before returning these items to make sure you are not also returning bed bugs to the treated room(s).
- Provide easy access to the pest control company so they can inspect and treat walls, closets, and areas around furniture.

For additional information, also see: Bed Bugs – Insect Note – ENT/rsc-31 Tips For Preventing the Spread of Bed Bugs - Insect Note - ENT/rsc-39 Information is also available on the web at: http://insects.ncsu.edu/Urban/biting.htm

Any mention of brand names or listing of commercial products or services in the publication does not imply endorsements by the North Carolina Cooperative Extension nor discrimination against similar products or services. All recommendations for pesticide use were legal at the time of publication, but the status of registrations and use patterns are subject to change by actions of state and federal regulatory agencies. Before applying any chemical, always obtain current information about its use and read the product label carefully. For assistance, contact the Cooperative Extension Center in your county.

North Carolina State University and North Carolina A&T State University commit themselves to positive action to secure equal opportunity regardless of race, color, creed, national origin, religion, sex, age, veteran status or disability. In addition, the two Universities welcome all persons without regard to sexual orientation.